Writing

Year 3



Svervie

At William Hulme's Grammar School, the curriculum is designed to develop independent, self-motivated pupils who are given the opportunity to thrive and are encouraged to contribute positively to our multicultural society. This curriculum equips pupils with self-awareness and tolerance as our learning is underpinned by our school values- respect, ambition and compassion. Pupils will master skills and obtain a deep knowledge in a breadth of subject areas. The subject specific rationales within our curriculum are built on our six key principles listed below.

Through our Writing Curriculum, we aim to give children the confidence and skills they need to be effective communicators who can successfully engage with their next steps in life. We use the National Curriculum as a starting point, ensuring we are promoting a high standard of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written word and developing a love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. This is then exceeded through our 6 core principles: entitlement, coherence, mastery, adaptability, representation and education with character. When we teach grammar, we must talk about how writing is about choices. Choices at every level: word, sentence and text level. This enables us to create pieces of writing which communicates the message that we want to give, as authors, most effectively.

Half Term 1 and 2 (Autumn)

Poetry Unit for Autumn Term

Nonsense poem.

Jabberwocky By Lewis Carroll

<u>Reason:</u> To entertain and be humorous <u>Audience</u>: Children who enjoy silly poems.

Features: Alliteration, Onomatopoeia, Repetition, Rhyming couplets

Tone: Light-hearted

Half term 1 Fiction Unit

Setting description-Narrative

Red by Jed Alexander (A modern twist on

a fairytale)

Autumn Term

Reason: To create a vivid description of

a setting

<u>Audience</u>: Readers who enjoy adventure

stories

<u>Features:</u> Time of day, describing all 5

senses, show not tell

<u>Tone</u>: Linked directly to how the pupils want their reader to feel walking through the woods. (spooky/light-hearted)

Half term 1 Non-Fiction Unit-

Non-chronological-Mythical creature

Storm Unicorns (Pie Corbett).

Reason: To inform

Audience:

Readers who are interested in

mythical creatures.

<u>Features</u>: subheadings, introduction, fun facts, labelled diagram, cohesive devices, words of comparison

Tone: informative

Assessment

Assessments are carried out daily through formative assessment.

Cold and hot writes
(Have a go Hamed and
Show me how you have
grown) learning tasks
take place at the start
and the end of every unit
to assess children's
progress within an
individual unit. Specific
targets are set based on
the outcomes of the 'cold
writes' and these are
assessed throughout.

Objectives (targets) taught and achieved

Spring Teri

Half term 2 Fiction Unit

Beat the Monster story

Omar Accidental Trouble Magnet by Zanib Mian

Reason:

To entertain

Audience:

Younger children

Features:

Show not tell, informal speech, reporting clauses, adverbs, prepositions, sentence types, adjectives, powerful verbs for said

Tone: Heroic,

Half term 2 Non-Fiction Unit

Formal letter

Omar Accidental Trouble Magnet by Zanib Mian

Reason: To inform an author

Audience: author

<u>Features</u>: Sender's address, recipient's address, date, greeting, reason for writing, emotive language, giving reasons with because <u>Tone:</u> formal, passionate

become non-negotiables and are displayed on working walls and referred to regularly.

Children's writing is moderated every term based on the Year group objectives taught.
Teachers receive regular CPD on moderation to ensure consistency.

Half Term 3 and 4 (Spring)

Poetry Unit for Spring Term

Descriptive poem

The crocodile by Matt Goodfellow.

Reason: To entertain

Audience: Readers who like animals

Features: Similes, powerful verbs, alliteration, adjectives and compound

adjectives, rhyming couplets

 $\underline{\textbf{Tone:}} \textbf{Specifically linked to the animal's nature in the poem. (The model text}$

builds suspense).

Half term 3 Fiction Unit

Warning story- Narrative.

Kassim and the Greedy Dragon (Pie Corbett)

Reason: Entertain and excite

Audience: Readers who enjoy reading

suspense stories.

<u>Features:</u> Suspense- empty words, short sentences, show not tell, similes,

metaphors, dialogue

Tone: scary

Half term 3 Non-Fiction Unit

Biography

David Attenborough by Isabel Sanchez Vegara, Lisabeth Kaiser and Sveta Dorosheva

Reason: To inform

Audience: Those interested in learning more about naturalists' lives.

Features: Factual language, third person, chronological order, adverbials of time, quotes from the

person, past tense Tone: Formal

Half term 4 Non-Fiction Unit

Instructions

Making Shadow Puppets by Jill Bryant

Reason: To provide a clear set of steps to make a product

<u>Audience:</u> Our peers <u>Features</u>: present tense, steps in

chronological order, fronted adverbials, time conjunctions, prepositions, coordinating

conjunctions.

<u>Tone:</u> Formal, clear

Assessments are carried

Assessment

out daily through formative assessment.

Cold and hot writes
(Have a go Hamed and
Show me how you have
grown) learning tasks
take place at the start
and the end of every unit
to assess children's
progress within an
individual unit. Specific
targets are set based on
the outcomes of the 'cold
writes' and these are
assessed throughout.

Objectives (targets)
taught and achieved
become non-negotiables
and are displayed on
working walls and
referred to regularly.

Children's writing is moderated every term based on the Year group objectives taught.
Teachers receive regular CPD on moderation to ensure consistency.

Half term 4 Fiction Unit

Character descriptions-Narrative The Witches by Roald Dahl

Reason: To create a picture in a reader's mind of a character

Audience: Young children who like

fantasy and scary stories

<u>Features:</u> Expanded noun phrases, similes, metaphors, show not tell

Tone: Scary

Useful Resources for Supporting Your Child at Home: Homework: 1. Read Together: Reading and writing go hand in hand. Read Reading books books, stories, and poems with your child. Discuss Please ensure you are reading with or to your characters, plots, and ideas. Encourage them to write their child on a daily basis. All books (Bug club, own versions or sequels. phonics or a book from home) should be 2. Fine Motor Skills: Children need to be able to hold and use celebrated in your child's reading record. scissors and pencils appropriately before using them in a classroom context. We cannot expect them to be able to write if they haven't yet developed the strength needed in their hands and fingers. Playing with playdough, threading beads/pasta, using clothes pegs and activities like sewing all help support this. 3. Take Advantage of Authentic Writing Opportunities: -If you are going shopping- encourage your child to write a shopping list, -If you go on a day out- purchase a postcard, -Having a party? Can your child write an invitation or a thank you card. Writing needs to have a purpose.